

HISTORIC SITES

Royal Seats, scenes of historic events—battles, mass meetings, historic festivals, &c. Location.

Landowner. Historical or traditional notes.

Crossbawn: "Ceas báirein" = Belin's Cross. {or may be 'báirein'} who this St. Belin was is obscure. This is in Crossbawn village. By tradition that the saint founded a monastery on the site of the present Protestant church (formerly Catholic), and that there was made for him a precious cross. Being forced to flee from the district, the saint and monks secreted the cross in or around the monastery. It is said to be still hidden somewhere in Crossbawn.

Taygheen. The derivation of this seems to be controversial. It is given as Teaglaos = beautiful cause and as Tae Laois = Lae's house.

HISTORIC HOUSES; BURIAL PLACES (Contd. on page)

(a) Birth places or one-time residences of distinguished Irishmen or other personalities.
Location and description. Present owner or occupant. (b) Burial places of distinguished personalities.

None apart from the personalities of the Browne family (please see manors & estates etc.).

SPAS OR MINERAL SPRINGS

Spas formerly in use. Location and present condition. Access. Right of way to public?
Mineral content and curative properties so far as known locally.

None.

Tradition says that St. Patrick visited Taghree. There is his holy well in Glealeigh townland.

Book of Armagh says - "Bishop Colman gave to Bishop Patrick by a votive offering for ever this church i.e. Uman Conn and its lands - and himself entrusted it to saints i.e. to protect them and their flock."

Knox says that Uman Conn is Taghree but offers no proofs. Mr. Butt in "Mayo of the Sessions" also gives Taghree as the church of Meath and Scrab.

Tig Lays: The date given for this derivation is that the name is taken from Tig Lays or Lays's territory which included Taghree. Tig Lays adjoined Tig Meiriam. When St. Patrick came to Connaught the king was Ruairi who had 24 sons. On seeing the saint approach, 23 of his sons ran away but Lays remained to greet the apostle who prophesied that Lays should rule over territory which normally would go to his brothers.

Tradition says that an order of nuns founded a nunnery at Taghree (where present ruins stand in graveyard). The order was always called that of the "Blue Nuns".

The Colman mentioned above was the famous founder of Mayo Abbey.

Sources: most of notes from Rev. Mr. McEvilly C.L., Taghree.